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Chapter 14

ADMINISTERING MEMBERS OF AIR RESERVE FORCES WHO HAVE A MILITARY SERVICE OBLIGATION

14-1. Introduction. This chapter explains statutory participation requirements and enforcement provisions for USAFR and ANGUS members whose retention in a draft-deferred status depends on satisfactory participation in their Reserve assignment. It explains the military service obligation (MSO) and use of DD Form 44, "Record of Military Status of Registrant." Send suggested changes to USAFMPC (AFPMRDS), Randolph AFB TX 78148, or Chief, National Guard Bureau (NGANGP), Wash DC 20310, as appropriate.

SECTION A—ADMINISTERING MEMBERS OF AIR RESERVE FORCES UNITS AND MOBILIZATION AUGMENTEES

14-2. General Information. A member of the ARF with an MSO who has a statutory participation requirement is required to satisfactorily participate in scheduled Reserve training to retain a draft-deferred status. He will be assigned only to a Ready Reserve unit or mobilization augmentation position.

14-3. Who Must Participate in Reserve Training:

a. The following members must participate for the periods shown:

(1) Members who were initially enlisted in an organized unit of a Reserve component are required to satisfactorily participate in Reserve training for six years.

(2) Members who were initially enlisted in an organized unit of the USAFR between age 17 and 18½ prior to 7 November 1963 are required to satisfactorily participate in Reserve training for eight years.

(3) Individuals who become members of the Ready Reserve by means other than (1) or (2) *above*, are required to satisfactorily participate in Reserve training until

completion of their MSO.

b. The following are exceptions to a *above*:

(1) Airmen who have served on AD and/or ACDUTRA in a combat zone that qualifies for hostile fire pay (as defined by DOD Military Pay and Allowances Entitlements Manual) are not required to participate in Reserve training.

(2) Airmen who have served 24 months or more on AD and/or ACDUTRA are not required to participate in Reserve training.

★c. Members listed in b *above* will be advised in writing that they are no longer required to participate in Reserve training but that they may do so voluntarily. They will be required to state their decision in writing. Members who volunteer to participate will sign DD Form 1644, "Ready Reserve Service Agreement" (paragraph 11-5). Members who do not volunteer will be transferred to the ORS (paragraph 10-6c).

14-4. Satisfactory Participation:

a. Satisfactory participation means:

(1) Completion of required ANACDUTRA (table 3-1) and regular attendance at prescribed INACDUTRA unless properly excused. Regular attendance at training periods, assemblies, or periods of appropriate duty means not more than four absences in training category A or two in training category B in any one fiscal year.

(2) Performance of assigned duties in a satisfactory manner as determined by the unit commander. (Includes presenting a neat appearance and wearing the prescribed uniform.) If these conditions are not satisfied, the member may not receive credit for attendance.

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(3) Successful completion of training assignments at evaluation points and successful completion of OJT within periods authorized by AFM 39-4 as supplemented by AFRES or ANGM 50-23.

(4) Successful completion of initial ACDUTRA tour under chapter 8.

b. A member enrolled in the General Military Course, AFROTC, or the basic course of an ROTC program of any other armed force is considered to be satisfactorily meeting the participation requirements of his Ready Reserve assignment.

14-5. Failure To Satisfactorily Participate in Reserve Training. A member listed in paragraph 14-3a(1) or (2) who fails to satisfactorily participate will be ordered to active duty if he has not served on AD and/or ACDUTRA for 24 months. Length of active duty will be until the total service on AD and/or ACDUTRA equals 24 months. If required, enlistments or period of military service may be extended until a total of 24 months active duty has been completed.

a. **Reporting Enlisted USAFR Members.** Members assigned to units or mobilization augmentation positions will be reported to the MAJCOM of assignment for approval of order to active duty (figure 14-1). Upon receipt of approval, the case will be sent to ARPC for publication of orders. All questions pertaining to the member's selection for active duty will be referred to the member's selection for active duty will be referred to the member's MAJCOM. ARPC is responsible for replies only to questions relating to administrative actions concerning the order to active duty.

b. **Reporting Enlisted ANGUS Members.** Members will be reported by the appropriate State Adjutant General to the Chief, National Guard Bureau (NGANGPMA), Wash DC 20310, for approval of order to active duty (figure 14-1). Upon receipt of approval the case will be sent to ARPC, for publication of orders. All questions pertaining to the member's selection for active duty will

be referred to the appropriate State Adjutant General. ARPC is responsible for replies only to questions relating to administrative actions concerning the order to active duty. The Chief, National Guard Bureau (NGANGPMA) will be advised of any change in the member's status (physical qualifications or disqualification, discharge action, etc.) which occurs after processing has begun for involuntary order to active duty. ANG commanders must maintain administrative control of the member until verification is received that the member reported to active duty.

c. **Reporting Officers.** Any case of an officer who is considered to be an unsatisfactory participant will be submitted through channels to USAFMPC (AFPMDR), Randolph AFB TX 78148 for final determination.

d. **Medical Examination.** Each member to be involuntarily ordered to active duty is required to undergo a medical examination. The following apply:

(1) A member having undergone a medical examination prescribed by AFM 160-1 within the 12 month period prior to the date on which he is or would be ordered to report to active duty will be ordered to active duty without further medical examination, if no significant change in his physical condition has been reported. Upon entering active duty, the member is required to complete the appropriate sections of the medical statement no. 1, item 18, DD Form 220.

(2) A member who does not qualify under (1) *above*, will be directed to report to the nearest medical examining facility for medical examination before being ordered to active duty. A total of 15 days is allowed from date of receipt of instructions for a medical examination to be taken. A member found medically disqualified will be considered for discharge under AFR 45-43 or ANGR 39-10 as applicable.

(3) A member who fails to report for the medical examination as directed, will be ordered to a special tour of active duty for 15 days, unless sooner terminated, for com-

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pletion of a medical examination. This period of duty will be used for diagnostic purposes only, and not to correct disqualifying defects.

e. Active Duty Orders:

(1) ARPC will publish active duty orders for USAFR and ANGUS members. ARPC will:

(a) Obtain station assignment instructions from USAFMPC (AFPMPFB) by submitting a letter or message request showing the member's name, address, grade, SSAN, control AFSC, and retainability.

(b) Upon receipt of assignment instructions, publish active duty orders according to AFM 10-3, chapter 2, and cite 10 U.S.C. 673a, Executive Order No. 11366, 4 August 1967, and this chapter as authority. Establish a reporting date no earlier than 30 days from the date of the order unless the member volunteers for an earlier date.

(c) Send the orders to the individual's Reserve unit of assignment for delivery to the member.

(d) Advise the CBPO servicing the member to reproduce the UAR card formats and airmail them to the gaining active force CBPO designated in the PAS directory as servicing the unit of assignment.

(2) The individual's Reserve Forces unit of assignment will:

(a) Contact the member by telephone, personal visit, or in person during training, and notify him that he has been ordered to active duty.

(b) Present the active duty orders to the member if possible. If not, mail the orders to him at the most current mailing address he has provided. Use a letter of transmittal fully explaining the purpose of the orders and stating that failure to comply will make the member subject to disciplinary action under the Uniform Code of Military Justice.

(3) Based on concurrence of the appropriate State official and the Chief, National Guard Bureau, ANGUS members will be ordered to active duty in their ANGUS and

will be discharged from the State ANG Reserve of the Air Force status. Members under ANGR 39-10, paragraph 14j, and transferred to the USAFR on the day following the day of entry on active duty or as soon as practicable thereafter. The State Adjutant General will furnish copies of the discharge order to the gaining active force CBPO, the losing CBPO, USAFMPC (AFPMDRA), Randolph AFB TX 78148 and the member.

(4) If an ANGUS member cannot be located he will be processed according to paragraph 14-9. He will not be discharged from ANGUS until such time as he has been inducted into active military service. If he is certified as non-inductable by the Selective Service System, he will be discharged according to ANGR 39-10, paragraph 14j.

(5) If a USAFR member cannot be located, he will be processed according to paragraph 14-9. He will not be reassigned from his unit until he has been inducted into active military service. If he is certified as non-inductable by the Selective Service System, he will be discharged according to AFR 45-43, paragraph 15b.

f. Delay in Reporting for Active Duty (Table 14-1). Major commands of assignment (for USAFR members assigned to unit or mobilization augmentation positions) and State Adjutants General (for ANGUS personnel), are authorized to take final action on requests for delay in reporting for active duty. Delays will be approved only for the minimum period required. Within five days after receipt of notification of intent to order to active duty, the member must notify the appropriate agency named above of his intent to submit a documented delay case. Substantiating documents are required within 15 days. Thereafter, the case will be promptly evaluated and the member advised accordingly. Where circumstances warrant, participation requirements may be waived when a delay for active duty is approved. Reasons for delay and how to process them are shown in table 14-1.

g. Appeals. A member who feels that he has not been given full consideration on a request for delay to report for active duty, transfer to Standby status, or discharge, may submit an appeal within 15 days of receipt of the decision on his request. The appeal must contain documents showing evidence or change in circumstances not previously considered. Cases will be decided by final approving authorities listed in paragraph *f above*. The individual will be advised within seven days after receipt by the approving authority.

h. Failure To Report. A member who fails to report for active duty as ordered will be processed according to AFR 35-73.

14-6. Change of Residence Within or Outside the United States:

a. Each member listed in paragraph 14-3a will be instructed to notify his unit if he plans to leave his area of residence. If a member listed in paragraph 14-3a(1) or (2) will be unable to further train with his unit

because of an impending change of residence, he will be informed by the unit or CBPO before the change occurs, that he subjects himself to up to 24 months involuntary active duty. He is required to sign a statement that he has been counselled (figure 14-2). If he is not readily available for personal counselling, he will be furnished a clearly written explanation by mail. For members listed in paragraph 14-3a(3), see paragraph 14-8.

b. If a member's change of residence precludes further participation in his Ready Reserve assignment, he will be assigned to another category A unit, a mobilization augmentation position (training category and pay group B) when practicable, or to ORS. If assigned to ORS, he will be given 60 days after notification by ARPC to locate and join another Ready Reserve unit or mobilization augmentation position within the CONUS where he will be assigned to fill an existing vacancy or be assigned as overstrength as authorized by *d and e below* (figure 14-2).

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c. If the member locates a position vacancy which requires a different speciality than the one he possesses, the commander concerned may provide for retraining (with individual's written consent) by ordering him to active duty for training in a new speciality.

d. Commanders will accept in their Air Reserve Forces units, an obligated member of the Air Reserve Forces who changes his residence (with concurrence of the State Adjutant General in the case of ANG personnel) regardless of vacancies (*e below*) providing the following conditions are met:

(1) The move is essential because of business or other cogent reasons.

(2) The losing unit certifies in writing that the member's participation in his Reserve Forces assignment has been satisfactory (figure 14-2).

(3) The member's speciality is usable in the unit or he can be retrained, when authorized, by on-the-job training or is willing to be retrained as authorized in *c above*.

(4) Transfer between Reserve components is authorized under chapter 30.

e. In connection with b and d *above*, units are authorized an enlisted overstrength of three percent above authorized paid drill strength for pay groups A, B, and F to absorb these Reservists. This does not constitute authority for an increase in paid drill strength. Commanders will manage this program closely to assure that overstrength assignment is not automatic; *for example*, if a member moves to a locality where there are two or more Reserve Force units within a reasonable commuting distance, he should not be assigned to the nearest unit if a more distant unit has a vacancy or a lesser degree of overstrength.

f. If a member fails to locate and join another Ready Reserve unit or mobilization augmentation position, he will be processed for involuntary order to active duty under section B, this chapter.

14-7. Advising Members:

a. Within 30 days after enlistment or ap-

pointment, each member will be advised of the following either in writing or by oral briefing. (If the member is orally briefed, he will sign a roster showing that the following subjects were covered. The roster will be maintained by the unit for 6 years):

(1) Training duty requirements (paragraph 14-4).

(2) Training schedule (includes all individuals assigned to mobilization augmentation positions for USAFR. See ANGR 50-02 for ANGUS members).

(3) Standard procedure for requesting excused absences.

(4) Consequences of failure to satisfactorily perform training duties (paragraph 14-4 and figure 14-1).

(5) Consequences of inability to further train with the unit of assignment following a change of residence (figure 14-2).

(6) It is his responsibility to assure that the records in his unit accurately reflect a current mailing address at all times at which he can be reached.

b. The procedure for requesting excused absence from scheduled training duty will be posted in a place readily accessible to all persons, preferably with the training schedule.

c. A member whose attendance record is poor will be closely monitored. When the unexcused absences reach one less than the maximum permitted (paragraph 14-4), he will be counselled and a record made of the counselling. If the member is unavailable, he will sent a personal letter (figure 14-3).

★14-7.1. **Temporary Release From Participating in Reserve Training.** A member who enlisted under provisions of chapter 8, and who incurs a bona fide temporary nonmilitary obligation requiring residency outside the United States where no Reserve component units are located, may be granted a one-time temporary release from participating in Ready Reserve training for up to 30 months providing he has completed an initial period of ACDUTRA. Such members are required to serve a total of 6 years in a Ready Reserve

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unit even if the period is interrupted by the period of residency outside the United States. The following apply;

a. The member must apply to his unit of assignment. The application will include certification by the member's employer or sponsor indicating that the obligation is bona fide and essential, and that it is needed for career development or that promotion of the individual is involved. If the member is pursuing higher education, the application will include certification by the member's school indicating what type of degree will be earned and the expected time it will be conferred.

b. The following organizations determine whether the obligation is bona fide, and have final approval/disapproval authority. This authority will not be further delegated.

(1) AFRES for USAFR members assigned to AFRES units.

(2) State adjutants general for their ANGUS members.

(3) ARPC for ORS members.

(4) MAJCOMs for their mobilization augmentees.

c. If approved, the applicant is discharged under AFR 45-43 (for USAFR) or ANGR 39-10 (for ANGUS) for immediate reenlistment in the USAFR as specified in paragraph 7-4d. Such discharge does not terminate the member's MSO.

d. Prior to discharge and reenlistment the

member is required to sign a Statement of Understanding and Agreement (figure 14-7).

e. The same period of enlistment shown in the completed Statement of Understanding and Agreement will be entered in items 7 and 57, DD Form 4.

f. For ANGUS members, DD Form 4 (table 7-1), orders (AFM 10-3), and the member's field record group will be forwarded to ARPC within 5 days after reenlistment.

g. During the period of residency outside the United States the member is assigned to the ORS.

h. Upon release from the temporary non-military obligation the member:

(1) Must immediately notify ARPC and report his residency address.

(2) Is subject to the same assignment, training, and enforcement provisions as other obligors who initially enlisted under provisions of chapter 8.

SECTION B--ADMINISTERING MEMBERS OF ORS

14-8. Twenty-Four Month Involuntary Tour of Active Duty:

a. **General.** Certain members have been assigned and may continue to qualify for assignment to the ORS (paragraph 10-6). This assignment status relieves the member from accomplishing the training required under the program for which he enlisted until he is

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mandatorily assigned to another Ready Reserve position. However, individuals who are unable to participate and who have not fulfilled their statutory participation requirement and cannot qualify for continued assignment to ORS may be ordered to active duty if they have not served on active duty and/or ACDUTRA for 24 months. Length of active duty will be until the total service on active duty and ACDUTRA equals 24 months. Enlistments or periods of military service may be extended, if required, until a total of 24 months service on active duty has been completed. ARPC administers the program to order to active duty enlisted members of the ORS who qualify for a 24-month tour of active duty.

(1) ORS members identified in table 14-2 will not be involuntarily ordered to active duty.

(2) Members who are reassigned to ORS because of actions taken by the Military Services (*for example*, unit inactivation) rather than because of their own action will be retained in the ORS until they are mandatorily assigned. Such members continue to be subject to involuntary order to active duty during any mobilization for which they qualify under statutory provisions.

(3) Expeditiously identify each member eligible for involuntary order to active duty. Notify him by mail that:

(a) He has 60 days from date of receipt of notification to locate and join another Ready Reserve component unit organized to serve on active duty as a unit, or mobilization augmentation position with a major command within CONUS (assignment only under table 3-1, rules 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5). Assignment may be made against a vacancy or one projected to occur within 180 days. Retraining to another Air Force specialty is authorized, but only for assignment to a Ready Reserve unit organized to serve on active duty as a unit. If required, the member must consent to being ordered to active duty training for the purpose of qualifying in the specialty. Responsibility for locating a suitable assignment rests with the

individual concerned. Upon request, however, all appropriate activities will assist by furnishing available information relative to possible position vacancies.

(b) If he believes he can qualify for standby status or discharge (table 14-2), the member must advise ARPC within five days of receipt of letter of notification. A total of 30 days will be allowed for the fully documented case to be received for evaluation. After receipt of the entire case, ARPC will advise the member when he can expect to receive a final determination.

(4) Each case will be carefully reviewed before orders are published. Eligibility for exception and delay as authorized below will be carefully considered. Assistance will be provided the member in preparing his case ((b) *above*). No members will be ordered to active duty unless his case has been reviewed by an informal board of officers at ARPC.

(5) After the board of officers has determined that a member is required to perform active duty, orders will be published according to paragraph c *below*.

b. **Medical Examination.** Each member to be involuntarily ordered to active duty is required to undergo a medical examination. The following apply:

(1) A member having undergone a medical examination prescribed by AFM 160-1 within the 12 months before the date on which he is or would be ordered to report to active duty will be ordered to active duty without further medical examination, if no significant change in his physical condition has been reported. Upon entering active duty, the member is required to complete the appropriate sections of the medical statement no. 1 (item 18) of DD Form 220.

(2) Those who do not qualify under (1) *above*, will be directed to report to the nearest medical examining facility for medical examination before being ordered to active duty. A total of 15 days is allowed from date of receipt of instructions for a medical examination to be taken. Those found medically disqualified will be considered for discharge action under AFR 45-43.

(3) Those who fail to report for the medical examination as directed, will be ordered to a special tour of active duty for 15 days, unless sooner terminated, for completion of a medical examination. This period of duty will be used for diagnostic purposes only, and not to correct disqualifying defects. Members determined to be qualified will be released from the special tour and ordered to EAD. Those found to be disqualified will be released from the special tour for further discharge action under AFR 45-43.

c. Active Duty Orders:

(1) Authority to publish active duty orders is delegated to ARPC. Publish orders

according to AFM 10-3, chapter 2, and cite 10 U.S.C. 673a, Executive Order No. 11366, 4 August 1967, and this chapter, as authority. Send the orders to the individual with a letter of transmittal fully explaining the purpose of the orders and stating that failure to comply with the orders will make the member subject to disciplinary action under the Uniform Code of Military Justice.

(2) ARPC will obtain station assignment instructions for ORS members from USAFMPC (AFPMRFB), Randolph AFB TX 78148. In the request, which may be submitted by letter or message, show the name address, grade, SSAN, Control

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AFSC, and retainability for each individual. Upon receipt of assignment instructions, ARPC will publish active duty orders with a reporting date which is no earlier than 30 days from the date of the order, unless the individual volunteers for an earlier date. Upon receipt of assignment instructions from USAFMPC (AFPMRFB), ARPC will promptly airmail the airman's Field Record Group to the active duty CBPO designated in the PAS Directory as servicing the unit of assignment.

d. Delay in Reporting for Active Duty. ARPC is authorized to take final action on requests for delay in reporting for active duty. Delays will be approved only for the minimum period required. Within five days after receipt of letter of notification of intent to order to active duty, the member must notify ARPC of his intent to submit a documented delay case. Substantiating documents are required within 15 days. Thereafter, the case will be promptly evaluated and the member advised accordingly. Reasons for delay and how to process them are shown in table 14-1.

e. Appeals. A member who feels that he has not been given full consideration on a request for delay to report for active duty, transfer to Standby status, or discharge, may submit an appeal within 15 days of receipt of the decision on his request. The appeal must contain documents showing evidence or change in circumstances not previously considered. Cases will be decided by the informal board of officers at ARPC. The individual will be advised of the decision within seven days after receipt of the approving authority.

f. Failure To Report. A member who fails to report for active duty as ordered will be processed according to AFR 35-73.

g. Nonlocatees. Process nonlocatees according to section C, below.

SECTION C—ADMINISTERING NONLOCATEES

14-9. Priority Induction:

a. Priority induction under the provisions of section 6(c)(2)(D), of the Military Selec-

tive Service Act of 1967 usually will be invoked only in cases of nonlocatable members.

b. Commanders will make every reasonable effort to locate a member. Inquiries should include but not be limited to:

(1) State Selective Service Board of State of residence.

(2) Personnel department of former employers.

(3) Utility companies serving the area of residence.

(4) Post Office.

(5) Police Department.

(6) Airman's family and friends.

If the member cannot be located after these actions, send a letter to the MAJCOM of assignment or Chief, National Guard Bureau (through appropriate State officials) as appropriate, requesting authority to report the member for priority induction (figure 14-4). Upon receipt of approval, the unit will forward DD Form 44 to the member's local Selective Service Board. The member will remain assigned to his Reserve or ANGUS unit until he has been inducted into active military service. If he is certified as noninductable by the Selective Service System, he will be discharged according to ANGR 39-10, paragraph 14j, or AFR 45-43, paragraph 15b, as appropriate.

c. A member ordered to active duty as a priority inductee serves in a dual status as a Reserve of the Air Force and as a member of the Regular Air Force. If his Reserve enlistment expires before the termination of his period of induction, he will be discharged from the Air Force Reserve (AFR 45-43) and will continue on active duty as a Regular airman until completion of 24 months.

SECTION D—FORTY-FIVE-DAY TOUR OF ACDUTRA

14-10. Administering the 45-Day Tour of ACDUTRA. Certain individuals, including those who did not initially enlist in a Reserve program (paragraph 14-3a(3)), may be in-

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voluntarily ordered to a 45-day tour of ACDUTRA if they fail to satisfactorily participate in Reserve training. Send the cases through the MAJCOM of assignment or Chief, National Guard Bureau, as appropriate, to USAFMPC (AFPMDR), Randolph AFB TX 78148. Include the authority under which the individual entered military service and information contained in figure 14-1.

SECTION E—DD FORM 44, "RECORD OF MILITARY STATUS OF REGISTRANT"

14-11. To Whom This Section Applies. It applies to members who have a statutory participation requirement, and members engaged in medical commissioning programs, including those who entered military status at age 26 or older, *for example*, the Berry Plan participants.

14-12. Purpose of DD Form 44. DD Form 44 furnishes the Selective Service System with information used to determine induction quotas, and to classify, reclassify, or confirm the current classification of registrants who have a statutory participation requirement on Reserve membership.

14-13. Who Prepares. The servicing CBPO, CRPO, or custodian of the member's UPRGp prepares and processes the form.

14-14. When Prepared:

a. Members Who Have a Statutory Participation Requirement and Members Engaged in Medical Commissioning Program, Including Those Who Entered Military Status at Age 26 or Older, for example, the Berry Plan Participants:

(1) Upon initial enlistment or appointment as a Reserve of the Air Force, or upon transfer to the USAFR when such action qualifies the Reserve member for deferment from induction.

(2) Upon completion of MSO, any time he cannot be located, and upon discharge or death.

NOTE: If a member is discharged, a copy of his discharge order may be submitted instead of the DD Form 44 if the order is annotated to show that it is a substitute for the DD Form 44.

(3) Upon request of the Reserve member.

(4) Upon request of the Selective Service System.

b. Reserve Members Who Are Not Registered With the Selective Service System. Immediately after a Reserve member attains his 18th birthday and is required under the Military Selective Service Act of 1967 to register with the Selective Service System.

c. Annually, as of 15 September for Ready Reserve and Standby Reserve members with an MSO, and others referred to in a *above*, who have not served on EAD for 6 months or more. Send by 15 October.

14-15. How To Prepare:

a. Other Than Annual Submission. Follow instructions in figure 14-5.

b. Annual Submission. Complete items "Date," "To," 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 13, 14 and 15. In item 13 insert the statement "Annual report—continues to participate satisfactorily." If machine capability exists the same information may be submitted by machine listing signed by an authenticating officer.

14-16. Where To Send:

a. Original. To local Selective Service Board with which the Reserve member is registered, except that ARPC may forward machine printout information to the Selective Service Director of the State having jurisdiction over local Selective Service Board with which the member is registered.

b. Duplicate. To UPRGp.

c. Triplicate. To MPerRGp.

SECTION F—MILITARY SERVICE OBLIGATION

14-17. General Information:

a. The MSO is the period of time that a male member must serve in a Regular

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	Date of Initial Appointment or Enlistment (Where 2 dates are shown, they are inclusive)	Age at Initial Appointment or Enlistment	Years of Military Service Obligation
O F F I C E R S	On or after 10 Aug 55 in ANG	Before age 26	6
	On or after 10 Aug 55 who have served on EAD		
	On or after 10 Aug 55 in a Reserve component upon completion of an officer training program and served 3 to 6 months on active duty for training		8
	On or after 10 Aug 55 was appointed in a Reserve component against a Reserve requirement		6
A I R M E N	Enlisted in Regular component on or after 10 Aug 55 and later becomes a member of the Air Reserve Forces	Before age 26	6
	Enlisted in ANG on or after 5 Oct 61		
	Enlisted in AFRes between 10 Aug 55 and 4 Oct 61	17 but not 18½	8
	Enlisted in AFRes between 5 Oct 61 and 7 Nov 63 Enlisted in ANG on or after 5 Oct 61	18½ but not 26	6
	Enlisted in AFRes on or after 7 November 63	Before age 26	

Figure 14-6. Military Service Obligation.

and/or Reserve component of the armed forces, required by the Military Selective Service Act of 1967 or Section 651, Title 10, U.S.C. (figure 14-6). An individual acquires only one MSO; it is acquired at the time he initially attains military status between ages 17 and 26.

b. Once acquired, the MSO does not change. However, it is terminated if the member is discharged for complete severance from military status (such as the result of punitive action, for cause, or to take final vows in a religious order). It is *not* terminated if the member is discharged to immediately enter or reenter the same or any other component of the armed forces in the same or any other status. Additional service performed after such discharge is counted toward completion of the MSO.

c. A person whose enlistment or appointment is terminated as being void on the grounds of minority has not acquired the MSO. Service under a void minority enlistment, when characterized as honorable by the Secretary of the Air Force, is creditable toward completing the MSO which the person may later acquire. Such credit will not alter the terms of any subsequent enlistment for specific periods, such as enlistment under chapter 8.

d. The time served by an enlisted member as a cadet or midshipman at a service academy or in an ROTC program is creditable toward completing the member's MSO. (Such period of time is not creditable for any other purpose.)